

Sadat, Assad send Tito messages

BELGRADE, Dec. 30 (R). — Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Syrian President Hafez Assad have sent message to Yugoslav President Tito informing him of results of their recent talks in Cairo, official sources said here today. No details of the messages were disclosed. Earlier this week well-informed sources here said President Tito would pay official visits to Libya and Egypt next month to back the Arab cause and recent initiatives for reconvening the Geneva Middle East peace conference.

JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
جورن تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانكليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية « الراي »

Volume 2, Number 349

AMMAN, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1976 — MOHARRAM 10, 1397

Price : 50 fils

Plight of Gaza prisoners draws protests

GAZA, Dec. 30 (Agencies). — The Mayor of Gaza, Rashad Al Shawwa, told a group of civic leaders and municipal officials from the Gaza Strip at a meeting here yesterday that the condition of 450 Arab detainees who have been on a hunger strike at Ashkelon prison for three weeks has deteriorated markedly.

Mayor Shawwa and a delegation of Gaza Strip leaders had visited the detainees earlier in the day. The prisoners, who are being held on security charges, are asking for prisoner of war status and better treatment.

The Arabic daily Al Quds, published in occupied Jerusalem, which reported the findings of the delegation, accused the Israeli authorities of trying to break the prisoners. It pointed out that striking 20 prisoners in a nine square meter cell, as the mayor reported, was inhuman.

In a related development, Israeli bulldozers tore down three houses in occupied Jerusalem day before yesterday, leaving 22 people homeless. The families had refused to be moved to make way for Israeli construction projects in the area.

Carter announces he will keep election promise to reduce defence spending

SIMONS ISLAND, Georgia, Dec. 30 (R). — President-elect Jimmy Carter said last night he expects to save between five and seven billion dollars on defence costs and he held out the prospect of further substantial reductions in the world political situation improves.

Mr. Carter told reporters after a three-day conference at his coastal resort with his newly-designated cabinet the additional defence savings could be achieved, depending on such factors as

the Middle East situation and U.S. ability to reach agreement on strategic arms limitations (SALT) with the Soviet Union.

There had been doubts about Mr. Carter's ability to keep a campaign promise of defence-cost reductions after a statement yesterday by Defence Secretary-designate Harold Brown. Mr. Brown said he did not see the possibility of a real or absolute cut.

Mr. Carter said he felt reductions would be made through increased efficiency the standardising of weapons, longer overseas duty for American servicemen and other measures. He said the hoped the process could begin in the new year.

Mr. Carter also said all members of his cabinet had agreed to give up any financial relationship that might cause conflict of interest, and to reveal all their financial holdings.

He said legislative leaders would confer with him next week in his hometown of Plains, Georgia, about the economic recovery package he intends to submit to Congress.

He was asked if he thought reforms in welfare programmes could be accomplished next year following doubts raised by his nominee as welfare secretary, Mr. Joseph Califano.

The president-elect said he thought the new administration could begin work on reforms immediately after it takes office on Jan. 20.

But Mr. Carter added that he did not yet know whether welfare reform would mean increased expenditure, and for this reason he could not anticipate how rapidly they could be introduced.



WATCH THAT SPOT -- Israeli soldiers take their half-truck along a dirt road close to the fence separating Lebanon and Israel during a recent patrol of the area. Reports from Lebanon say that Palestinian forces have been moving heavy equipment into the area close to the border. (AP wirephoto).

In a dramatic liberal gesture

Spain dissolves Francoist court; Carrillo set free

MADRID, Dec. 30 (AFP). — The Court of Public Order set up by the late Gen. Francisco Franco by investigating and judging political offenses and acts of terrorism. From now on, suspected political criminals will be tried by ordinary courts, except people charged with crimes against members of the armed forces.

The final decision of the Court of Public Order was to release on bail today Communist chief Santiago Carrillo and seven of his lieutenants after charging them with forming an illegal political association.

Senor Carrillo was provisionally released on \$4,500 bail, generally considered a token sum.

Senor Carrillo emerged smiling from the prison but made no statement. He waved to a crowd of waiting newsmen before being driven away in a car.

He was met outside the prison by his lawyer, one of his sons and his wife, who was in a buoyant mood.

She told newsmen shortly before her husband was released: "I wasn't expecting such news. It is a victory. Our children and myself were so surprised that we did not even have time to take any

security precautions for Santiago."

The release of Senor Carrillo and his seven colleagues was reported on the television news.

All eight still face charges of illegal association at leadership level and if convicted could receive jail sentences of up to six years.

If the government goes ahead with their trial, however, the case will be turned over to an ordinary court.

The Court of Public Order was set up when Antonio Maria de Oriol y Urquijo was minister of justice. He presently is held by leftist kidnappers demanding and amnesty and other measures of political liberalisation.

Even the most moderate opposition parties have had been demanding the suppression of the court for years, charging that it was the keystone of the Franco one-party system.

The court consisted of a president and two assistant judges designated by governmental decree.

They were assigned to try offenses that "perturb public order or sow trouble in the national conscience."

W. German prepares for role in M.E. peace effort

BONN, Dec. 30 (R). — West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher will travel to Syria and Jordan in February to discuss new steps to end the Middle East conflict, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said here today.

Herr Genscher had already conferred individually with the ambassadors of Israel, Jordan, Egypt and Syria in Bonn about a possible role for West Germany in the peace negotiations.

The exact date of Herr Genscher's trip in February was not disclosed. The spokesman said he also planned to travel to Israel in early summer and Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmi was due in Bonn in the spring.

The Middle East situation will also be discussed at the EEC foreign ministers meeting next month, and the spokesman said West Germany expected the community to play a role in Arab-Israeli peace efforts.

senior franchise, said this would be decided when a new constitution was devised.

Senator Chirau and Senator Kayisa Ndiweni yesterday resigned from the Rhodesian cabinet to lead the black "moderate" party. They were among four black ministers appointed by Premier Ian Smith earlier this year.

Senator Chirau denied that ZUPO was being financed by the Smith government or that it was

"The object of my party is to inform our people here in Rhodesia and therefore it is necessary for my party to be present whenever constitutional conferences are being held," he told a news conference.

He said that in supporting the early introduction of majority rule in white-run Rhodesia, where six million blacks outnumber whites by 20 to one, his party did not mean "the counting of heads."

Nationalist delegations involved in the recessed Geneva constitutional talks have been working on a basis of one man, one vote.

Senator Chirau, asked if ZUPO supported the principle of universal adult suffrage or a qualified

turn from a visit to Cairo and Tripoli earlier this week, Dr. Al Hoss described his talks with the two countries' leaders as positive.

He said Egyptian Premier Mamedouh Salem had said his country was ready to help Lebanon deal with its social and economic problems.

Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi had expressed a willingness to participate in any joint Arab effort to rebuild Lebanon, Dr. Al Hoss said.

Answering a question on the possibility of Lebanon taking part in the proposed Geneva Middle East peace talks, Dr. Al Hoss said the matter was still under consideration.

Foreign Affairs Minister Fuad Butros also returned here today

from a 24-hour visit to Syria during which he held talks with Syrian President Hafez Assad.

"President Assad has expressed a true desire to help Lebanon overcome its difficulties," the foreign minister said.

While in Damascus, Dr. Butros handed President Assad a message from the Lebanese head of state on the situation in Lebanon.

In a separate development, the Executive Council of the conference of Arab Health Ministers decided in Kuwait today to give \$1 million in immediate cash aid to the Palestine Red Crescent Society but said it would not be able to provide cash for International Red Cross operations in Lebanon because of conditions imposed by the Swiss-based organisation.

"Reliable sources" say:

Lebanese leftists submit arms list

BEIRUT, Dec. 30 (Agencies). — Lebanese leftist parties have submitted a list of their heavy armaments to the Arab peace-keeping force and named two collection points where they will amass their arms, reliable sources said here today.

The surrender of military equipment by rival rightist and leftist factions is part of the Arab League's peace plan for post-civil war Lebanon.

The source said that the parties met deterrent force commander Nabil Quraytm last night and suggested that collection points for heavy arms be established at the Aramoun police station in the Chouf mountains and at the Mansour Palace in Beirut's southeast suburbs.

Both points are under control of the deterrent force.

The rightist newspaper Al Bai-raq reported that the Palestinian resistance has decided to amass its heavy military equipment in the suburbs of Sidon in southern Lebanon.

Rightist parties said they have already handed over to Lebanese army Commander-in-Chief Hanna Said all the military vehicles and heavy arms in their possession.

Lebanese Premier Selim Al Hoss said today that both Egypt and Libya had expressed willingness to help rebuild Lebanon, which was regarded as a collective Arab task.

Speaking to reporters on his re-

turn from a visit to Cairo and Tripoli earlier this week, Dr. Al Hoss described his talks with the two countries' leaders as positive.

He said Egyptian Premier Mamedouh Salem had said his country was ready to help Lebanon deal with its social and economic problems.

Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi had expressed a willingness to participate in any joint Arab effort to rebuild Lebanon, Dr. Al Hoss said.

Answering a question on the possibility of Lebanon taking part in the proposed Geneva Middle East peace talks, Dr. Al Hoss said the matter was still under consideration.

Foreign Affairs Minister Fuad Butros also returned here today

from a 24-hour visit to Syria during which he held talks with Syrian President Hafez Assad.

"President Assad has expressed a true desire to help Lebanon overcome its difficulties," the foreign minister said.

While in Damascus, Dr. Butros handed President Assad a message from the Lebanese head of state on the situation in Lebanon.

In a separate development, the Executive Council of the conference of Arab Health Ministers decided in Kuwait today to give \$1 million in immediate cash aid to the Palestine Red Crescent Society but said it would not be able to provide cash for International Red Cross operations in Lebanon because of conditions imposed by the Swiss-based organisation.

Richard arrives in Lusaka on 1st stage of shuttle

LUSAKA, Dec. 30 (AFP). — The Chairman of the Geneva conference on Rhodesia, Britain's Ivor Richard, arrived here today on the first stage of a Southern African shuttle aimed at ending the deadlock in the Rhodesia talks.

Mr. Richard will in principle have a meeting tomorrow with Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda.

He is scheduled to arrive in Salisbury, Rhodesia, on Saturday for talks with Premier Ian Smith before going on to South Africa for a meeting with Premier John Vorster.

Diplomatic sources said that Mr. Richard would then travel to Botswana, second of the front-line African States on his itinerary after Zambia. Mr. Richard is also to visit two other front-line states, Mozambique and Tanzania, but his programme has not yet been fixed, the sources said.

Mr. Richard, who is his country's United Nations ambassador, will try to define Britain's role in

the proposed interim period before African majority rule in Rhodesia, British sources have said.

The diplomat was expected to propose the appointment of a resident commissioner to Salisbury who would head the executive during the transitional period, but the extent of his powers has still to be agreed.

The more intransigent of the African nationalist groups want the British presence to be merely ceremonial, with Africans holding the key portfolios. Mr. Smith has rejected any major role for Britain during the interim.

Mr. Richard will try to find a compromise on the question of who holds the key defence and law and order portfolios. Under the original proposals by U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, accepted by Mr. Smith, the portfolios were to have been held by whites, but all nationalist groups have rejected this as out of the question.

Addressing a news conference at Nairobi Airport during a refueling stop in the Kenyan capital, Mr. Richard said: "I feel the outcome is still in the balance and I will discuss the British role in the two-year interim government proposed for Rhodesia during my Southern African shuttle diplomacy."

Mr. Richard refused to be drawn into discussion on the reported formation of a new political party in Rhodesia, the Zimbabwe United People's Organisation (ZUPO).

In a separate development, Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmi today emphasised his country's complete support for the nationalist movement in Rhodesia during a meeting in Cairo with Mr. Joshua Nkomo leader of the Zimbabwe African National Union.

Mr. Nkomo, who led his party's delegation to the Geneva conference arrived in Cairo yesterday.

NOTICE TO OUR READERS

Due to the new year holiday, the Jordan Times will not appear on Friday and Saturday.

We take this occasion to wish our readers a happy new year.

The Jordan Times will be back on the stands on Monday, Jan. 3.

Smith's "moderate" blacks ask to be represented at Geneva

SALISBURY, Dec. 30 (R). — A new political party led by black former members of the Rhodesian cabinet said today it wants to be represented at the Geneva conference on the country's future.

Senator chief Jeremiah Chirau, President of the newly-created Zimbabwe United Peoples' Organisation (ZUPO), said the party would ask for a seat at the conference table when talks resume.

"The object of my party is to inform our people here in Rhodesia and therefore it is necessary for my party to be present whenever constitutional conferences are being held," he told a news conference.

He said that in supporting the early introduction of majority rule in white-run Rhodesia, where six million blacks outnumber whites by 20 to one, his party did not mean "the counting of heads."

Nationalist delegations involved in the recessed Geneva constitutional talks have been working on a basis of one man, one vote.

Senator Chirau, asked if ZUPO supported the principle of universal adult suffrage or a qualified



SHUTTLE STOPOVER -- Ivor Richard, left, British Chairman of the Geneva Conference on Rhodesia, meets Malta's Prime Minister Dom Mintoff at the Auberger de Castille Wednesday. Mr. Richard stopped off in Malta on his way to Southern Africa on a shuttle to try and find a solution to the Rhodesia problem. (AP wirephoto).

CAR FOR SALE

1976 BUICK SKYHAWK

Duty paid. 7,000 kms.

In excellent conditions. As new.

JD 3000 only. Call 67282.

JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily
published by the Jordan Press Foundation

Board of Directors:
Juma'a Hamad,
Mohamed Amad,
Mahmoud Al Kayed.
Deputy Managing Editor:
Jenab Tutanji.
Associate Editor:
Bassam Bishri.
Senior Editor:
Saleh Nabbas.
Responsible Editor:
Mohamad Amad.

Editorial and Advertising Offices:

JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION
University Road - P.O. Box 9710 - Amman, Jordan
Tel. 67171/2/3/4 - Cables: JORTIMES - Telex: 1497 (Al Ra).

Wisdom at the top

President-elect Carter will get his due share of praise and criticism in the United States for his chosen cabinet members. The process of cabinet-making in America is primarily of domestic interest, and thus beyond our concern, but two things in Mr. Carter's cabinet deserve special universal comment, indeed, even praise. These are his decisions to name blacks and women to important posts, and to name Mr. James Schlesinger as the nation's energy chief. Both decisions will pay off handsomely and fully in the future, not next month; but in making them Mr. Carter has started in motion processes of vital importance to both the United States and the world.

The naming of blacks and women to the American cabinet is not new, but the deliberate forcefulness with which Mr. Carter has gone about doing this during the past month indicates a deeper instinct within him that augurs well for the stirrings in the United States that seek to promote humanism at the highest levels of government. There is an important symbolic-psychological element to naming blacks and women with the gusto that Mr. Carter has practiced in these appointments. This is the major visibility that is given to the black and female appointees and appointments, a visibility of crucial importance to elevating the professional aspirations of young blacks and women in America, and thus of other minority groups. The point is subtle, but significant. Whether Andrew Young, Patricia Harris or Juanita Kreps turn out to be good or bad public servants is besides the point. It is also meaningless to suggest, as some have already done, that a black U.N. representative will be, by nature, more sympathetic to the positions of Third World countries, especially in a post such as that of U.N. ambassador where actions are dictated from Washington. What is of lasting importance is that the personal suggestions and concerns of blacks and women will now be injected into the top-level decision-making processes in the United States with more vigour and clout. The only thing this will do, by nature, is promote a fuller mix of strategic and tactical options for American policy-makers, a mix from which it is increasingly probable that more reasoned and humane plans of action shall flow. American blacks and women are both, in their own ways, the victims of special kinds of psychological and material oppression. If they can be plugged into the top-level decision-making currents in the United States, the chances are thus increased that they will spread the stark lessons of oppression to more top-level people, and thus in turn increase the chances of minimising new policies of oppression that are carried out in the name of all the American people. If this is what Mr. Carter seeks, then he is to be applauded.

The appointment of Mr. Schlesinger as America's energy czar is a fine move in two ways: Because Mr. Schlesinger himself is a no-nonsense fellow who can be expected to tell the American people bluntly that they had better wake up soon and formulate a serious energy policy, and because he shall command a unit at the highest level of government that will be able to put this new policy into effect. He is the right man, and the right job has been created for him. It shall soon become apparent -- Mr. Schlesinger works quickly -- that serious energy conservation policies and alternate energy research to minimise American dependence on oil will help the United States and the entire world in the long run. Mr. Schlesinger has already clearly indicated that he will push hard on the energy conservation front. If Mr. Carter makes sure that this wisdom will be translated into action, he shall deserve to be applauded twice.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Al Dustour wrote the following Thursday about His Majesty King Hussein's visit to the Wadi Araba area in south Jordan:

"His Majesty the King has emphasised the strong bond between man and earth in our country, a link which intensifies our affiliation to our one big family under the shade of love and cooperation, and which leads us into achieving a better and more dignified life for our generation..."

"His Majesty gave prominence to this significant idea in his speech during a visit to the Wadi Araba Multi-purpose Cooperative Society Wednesday."

"The King's visit was meant to give his blessing, encouragement and support to the pioneering efforts aimed at developing the strategically important Wadi Araba area, increasing its population and creating a cohesive society there enjoying stability and much-needed public utilities, so that it will achieve greater production and prosperity."

Al Dustour indicates that the Wadi Araba project was a fruit of Jordan's Five-Year Development Plan and an example of positive work between the Cooperatives' Organisation, the Natural Resources

Authority and the Ministry of Agriculture. Continuing its remarks this week on what it calls "the Arab peace offensive," Al Ra'i Thursday said it wanted to put on record the following points concerning all peace activities. First, these peace activities do not ask Washington to let Israel show "good intention" at the present stage by halting its plans for settlement in the Jordan Valley, the Golan and the West Bank. But, the paper adds, "the party which also has to show 'good intention' is the Palestine Liberation Organisation, which by recognising Israel, will have removed three-quarters of the problem."

Second, Washington has not been asked to show "good intention" itself by freezing the tremendous arms deals which have made Israel "the biggest military arsenal in the Mediterranean basin."

Third, the peace activities have not asked Washington to use its influence either to confirm the present Israeli prime minister in his position or to replace him by someone who can take a decision.

Washington knows very well that through the provocation of a cabinet crisis during the coming six months, Israel aims to evade taking decisions. "It was, therefore, a predetermined crisis," Al Ra'i thinks.



Minister of Waqf, Islamic Affairs and Holy Places, Kamil Al Sharif, heads the last session of the Jerusalem Committee meetings held in Al Hussein Youth City Wednesday. (JNA photo).

Jerusalem Committee winds up meetings

AMMAN (JNA). — The Jerusalem Committee Wednesday wound up its meetings here with several recommendations aimed at resisting Israeli arbitrary measures against Arab shrines and inhabitants and against Judaization of Jerusalem.

Jordan, Syria to unify laws of Security Forces

AMMAN (JT). — A delegation from the Ministry of Interior will shortly leave for Damascus to conduct, with a Syrian team a study on unifying the rules and laws of the ministries of interior in Syria and Jordan sources of the Ministry of Interior said here Thursday.

The two teams will also discuss unifying uniforms and badges for the security forces in both countries.

The delegation will include Deputy Under-Secretary for legal affairs at the Ministry of Interior Salem Al Kiswani, the Manager of Training, Research, and Development Department Brig. Mohammad Ali Al Amin, and the Director of Legal Affairs Department at the Security Forces, Lt. Col. Ghazi Jarrah.

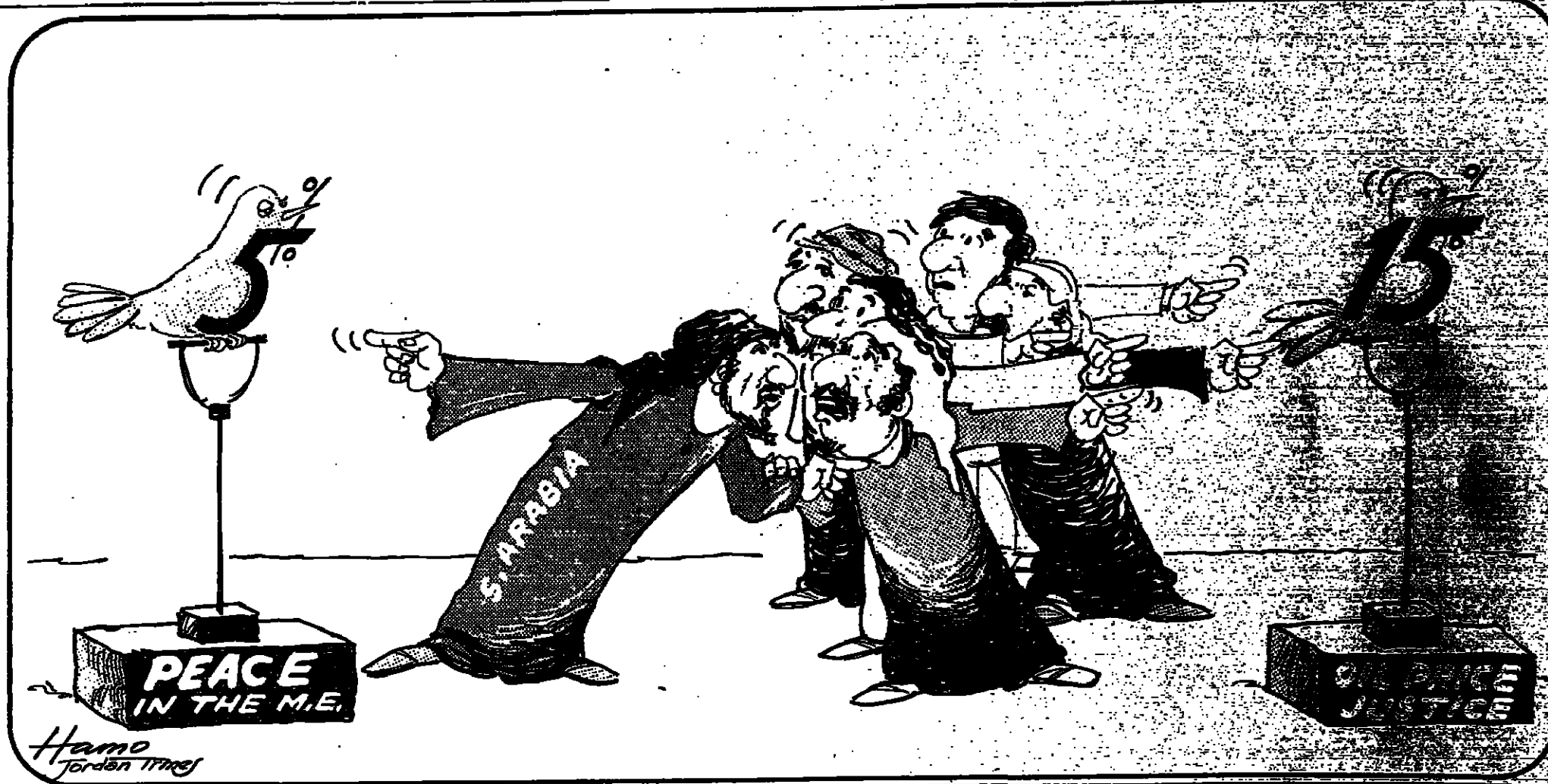
National Notes

● AMMAN. — His Majesty King Hussein sent a cable of thanks to the mayor of Amman in reply to the latter's cable of congratulations to His Majesty on the occasion of the Muslim New Year.

● AMMAN. — Jordan's ambassador to Greece Dr. Fawwaz Abu Al Ghanam Thursday morning left here to Athens to assume his new post there.

● AMMAN. — Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Bahjat Talhoumi Thursday morning received Sheikh Mohammad Ali Al Ja'bari and discussed with him the present situation in the occupied West Bank. Mr. Talhoumi also received the Kuwaiti ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Ahmad Abdullah.

● AMMAN. — Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Ghaleb Barakat Thursday morning left to Damascus at an invitation extended to him by his Syrian counterpart, Mr. Ghassan Shahhoub.



King visits Wadi Araba agricultural cooperative



His Majesty King Hussein delivers his speech during his visit to Wadi Araba Multipurpose Agricultural Cooperative Society Wednesday afternoon. (JNA photo).

AMMAN (JNA). — His Majesty King Hussein accompanied by his two sons, Princes Abdullah and Faical, Wednesday afternoon paid a visit to the Wadi Araba Multipurpose Agricultural Cooperative Society.

He was received on arrival, by H.H. Crown Prince Hassan, Sharif Nasser Ibn Jamil, the society's sponsor, the Minister of Interior, Mr. Suleiman Arar, and officials from the Jordanian Cooperatives Organisation (JCO).

"Cooperation and unity in work are the ideal pillars on which a country, determined to build a sound infrastructure, should rely," His Majesty said addressing an audience from the Saidiyeen and Amareen tribes present for the occasion. Education, health, commu-

nications and other services should be ensured to all citizens besides land ownership, the King said.

Afterwards Sharif Nasser Ibn Jamil briefed His Majesty about the work so far achieved and said

Exchange Rates

Following are the official exchange rates in effect at the start of today's business day, as set by the Central Bank of Jordan.

The first column is how much you would receive in Jordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the second column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

| | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| U.S. dollar | 330.0 | 332.0 |
| U.S. dollar | 330.0 | 332.0 |
| U.K. sterling | 565.0 | 571.0 |
| Swiss franc | 135.4 | 135.8 |
| German mark | 140.6 | 141.0 |
| French franc | 66.8 | 67.1 |
| Italian lira | | |
| (for every 100) | 37.9 | 38.1 |
| Syrian pound | 82.3 | 82.6 |
| Lebanese pound | 115.6 | 117.4 |
| Saudi riyal | 94.5 | 94.6 |
| Iraqi dinar | 945.0 | 952.0 |
| Kuwaiti dinar | 1160.0 | 1165.0 |
| UAE dirham | 83.6 | 84.1 |
| Libyan dinar | 722.0 | 736.0 |
| Egyptian pound | 460.0 | 475.0 |

What's Going On

Under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Ayla, the Goethe Institute in cooperation with the Al Hussein Society for Child Welfare and the Haya Arts Centre presents a concert given by Elena Cardas and Ales Andryczak (guitar) on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1977 at 7:30 p.m. at the Haya Arts Centre. The concert is for the benefit of the Al Hussein Society for Child Welfare and the Haya Arts Centre.

Please be on time.
Price of single ticket JD 2.
Tickets are available at the Goethe Institute and the Haya Arts Centre.

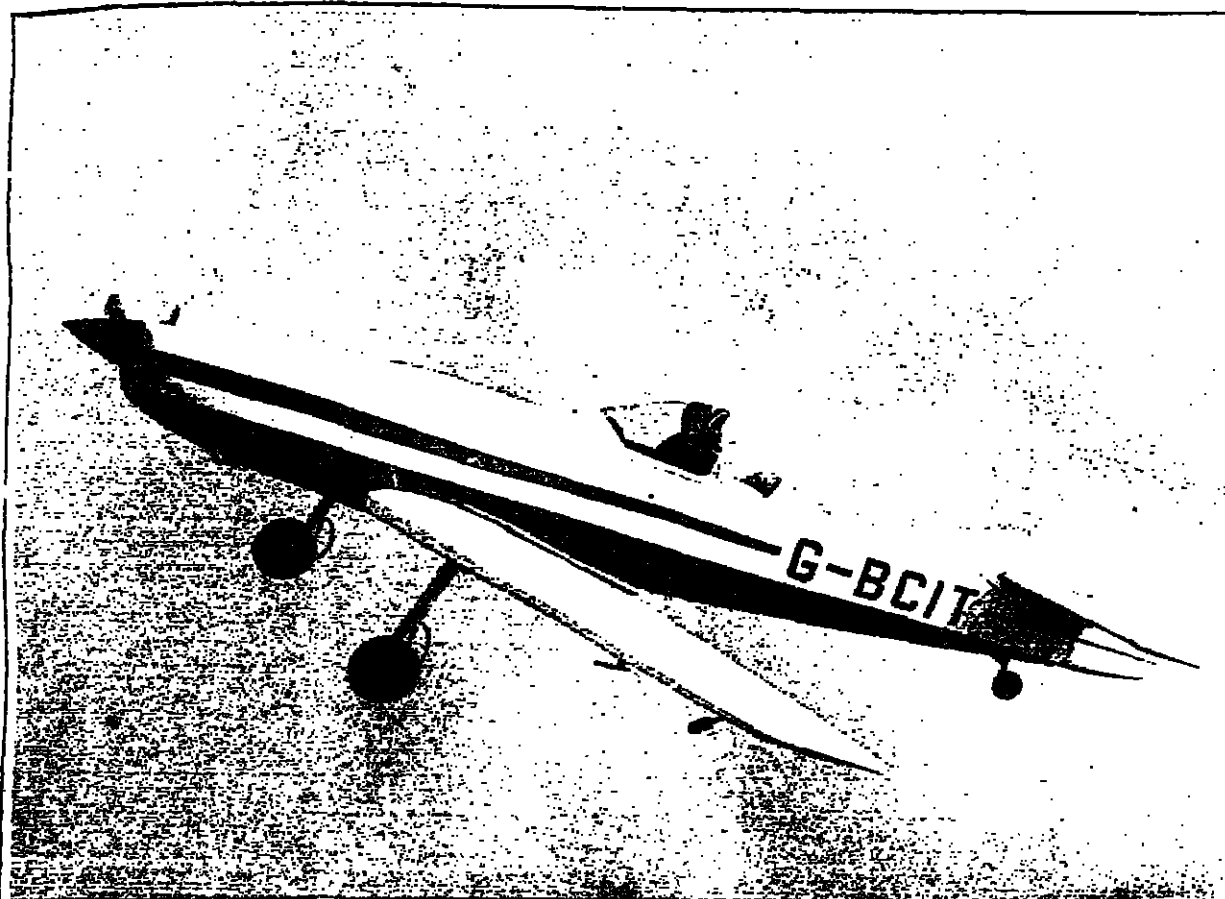
NOTICE

The next meeting of the British Ladies of Amman will be at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at the British Embassy Club.
Mrs. Isaaf Shocair will speak on the Care of Potted Plants.
New members welcome.

LAST CHANCE SALE

German-made couch
2 chairs -- beige ribbed velveteen
JD 200
Italian refrigerator -- 5 cubic feet
General Electric hair curlers (20)
National blender - Philips mixer - Black and Decker drill
All 220V -- Excellent condition.
Call 67282.

كلدان الاصل



This new British prototype aircraft -- the 'Cranfield AP' -- has been designed exclusively for aerobatics and is expected to lead Britain's attack at the World Aerobatic Championships in Prague in 1978. The specification was drawn up by many-times British aerobatic champion, Neil Williams, based on his experience of flying many different aeroplanes made in various countries. The aircraft was designed and constructed under the supervision of Prof. Denis Howe of the Cranfield Institute of Technology and has a wing-span of 10 metres. It is powered by a 210 h.p. Rolls-Royce Continental 10-360D engine driving a variable pitch propeller -- invaluable in the more complex manoeuvres. The engine has been converted to a dry sump oil system to ensure a constant flow of oil, even in sustained inverted flight. The body has a steel tubular frame around which are placed plywood formers and a plywood and fabric outer covering. The wing and tail surfaces are of light alloy stressed-skin construction and the machine has a safety factor of 1.5 times the expected load -- acceleration up to 9g upwards and 6g downwards. (BIS photo).

Ethiopia is surprised at Numeiri's accusations of subversion against him

ADDIS ABABA, Dec. 30 (AFP) — The Ethiopian foreign minister yesterday expressed astonishment at accusations made on Sunday by Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri that Ethiopia had joined Libya and communist forces in organizing subversion against his regime.

A Foreign Ministry communique, published in the English-language Ethiopian Herald, said everyone knew that Sudan "was openly be-

ing used as a base of operations by the Eritrean province secessionist elements as well as by various counter-revolutionary groups opposed to the Ethiopian revolution."

The ruling Ethiopian Provisional Military Government had on several occasions given "irrefutable proof" of these activities, the communique said. However, in the interest of good relations between the two countries the affair had

never been made public because Ethiopia believed it was still possible to settle the question by diplomatic means.

President Numeiri had warned villagers in the Sudan-Ethiopian border area against the organization of various forces threatening Sudan, "with the support of Libya, certain communist forces, and Ethiopia," the Ethiopian communique noted.

Ethiopia was accused of involvement in last July's abortive coup against President Numeiri, after the Sudanese said that captured plotters reported they had been trained in Ethiopia. President Numeiri also said that among "foreign elements" involved in the coup had been Ethiopians.

These accusations were rejected by the Addis Ababa government as "baseless".

Purge of Mao's widow releases China's new art

PEKING, Dec. 30, (R) — China is reviving popular films, stage-works and songs, not seen or heard by the public for over a decade, as a "new look" cultural policy gets under way.

The purging of the so-called "gang of four" led by Mao Tse-tung's widow, Chiang Ching, has released "a new spring in proletarian art," the official people's daily said today.

Foreign correspondents and diplomats have been invited to see the screen spectacular, "The East is Red," which has not been shown since the cultural revolution of the mid-sixties.

The lengthy propaganda work,

a mixture of Soviet socialist realism, Hollywood musical extravaganza and Italian opera, had been one of the many victims of Madame Mao and her radical leftist colleagues.

Since Mme Chiang Ching's arrest two months ago, Peking concert audiences have been moved to tears by one of the country's greatest sopranos, Wang Kun. Miss Wang had been prevented from appearing in public since she took the starring role in the famous Chinese opera, "The White-Haired Girl," at the beginning of the cultural revolution.

Mme Chiang Ching and the radicals, who rose to power in the

mid-sixties, "purged every revolutionary artwork produced before the cultural revolution," today's People's Daily said.

The "smashing of the gang of four" meant the "liberation of proletarian art," it said. Under Madame Mao's control, vigilant supporters managed over the last decade to suppress any spark of originality or artistic merit in virtually every field of culture.

After such a stereotyped diet, Chinese audiences are now flocking to see such productions as "The East is Red," which though unashamedly propagandistic, have at least a refreshing measure of artistic and musical merit.

Indications are Hua intends further Chinese purges soon

By Rene Flipo

PEKING, Dec. 30 (AFP). — Chairman Hua Kuo-feng seems to be preparing reshuffle the leadership and administration at various levels in China, especially in the provinces.

Recent political events in China would dictate such a move, especially the arrests in October of Mao Tse-tung's widow Chiang Ching and three other top leaders, Mr. Wang Hung-wen, Mr. Chang Chun-chiao and Mr. Yao wen-yuan.

That was the impression given by Chairman Hua in his Dec. 25 speech to the National Agricultural Conference in Peking. The full text of that speech was published in the official press on Tuesday.

First of all, Mao Tse-tung's successor announced that at some "appropriate time" next year, people's congresses would be held in the provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions.

He said the goal of these conferences would be the "election into the revolutionary committees of comrades who meet the requirements for worthy successors set forth by Chairman Mao, maintain close links with the

masses and have their genuine support."

This would be done "after sufficient democratic discussions and consultations," he added.

The elections, which would logically be held to fill posts which had been vacated, will more or less coincide with a movement announced by Chairman Hua for "consolidation and rectification" within the party.

He said the central committee would inaugurate this movement "at an opportune moment," and that one of its goals would be to "purify the ranks of our party" following the "sabotage" committed over the years by the "gang of four" led by Mme Chiang Ching.

"Rectification" movements in China in the past have always been accompanied by the removal of a number of cadres, officials, and others.

Chairman Hua's speech furnished some clues as to what types of people would be made the targets of this movement when it does get under way.

He said that under the influence of the "gang of four," "new party members were recruited in violation of the provisions in the party constitution, cadres were promoted in disregard of the five requirements put forward by Chairman Mao and even bad elements were drawn into the party and smuggled into leading bodies."

"Under the protection of the gang of four some brazenly asked for leading positions and grabbed power at every opportunity," he added.

However it seems this purge will only come when the time is ripe. It probably will not be hurried and

will be aimed only at those recalcitrant individuals who refuse to "repent" or whose eviction will be demanded by the people at the upcoming congresses.

Chairman Hua stressed the principles: "First we must observe and second we must give help" and "Learn from past mistakes to avoid future ones, and cure the sickness to save the patient."

"This policy and tradition were seriously undermined by the gang of four. We must unite with all those that can be united, including those who once wrongly opposed us, to fight together against the enemy," he added.

For the time being, the Chinese Communist Party chairman recommended that measures be taken only against "the handful of their (the 'gang of four') unrepentant sworn followers," whom he did not identify.

"Those who followed the gang of four and made mistakes must be treated on the merit of each case. Among them only a few participants in their conspiracy. They are welcome once they make a clean breast of their part in the conspiracy," he said.

U.S. economy shows signs of recovery

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30, (R). — First tentative signs that the U.S. economy may be emerging from the doldrums appeared yesterday when the Commerce Department announced that its index of leading indicators rose by one per cent in November.

The index is the government's guideline on future economic trends, and the November rise was the first significant increase since last June.

Economists said the statistics for last month were encouraging, but cautioned that it would take several months of similar increases before it was certain the economy was once again on the upswing.

They pointed out that revisions in the index showed a decline in July, August and September, a strong indication that economic growth may have actually halted for a time before reviving in the closing weeks of the year.

Government economists regard three straight monthly declines in the index as warning signals of a possible recession unless there is a strong rebound in the months immediately following.

One Italian is kidnapped every week

ROME, Dec. 30 (AFP). — An average of one person every week was kidnapped in Italy this year after the first abduction in February, newspapers calculated yesterday.

Kidnappers collected 50,000 million lire in ransom (\$58 million) for 45 victims between Feb. 4 and Dec. 21.

Eleven people are still being held by their kidnappers. The last to be released was a Naples Banker, two days ago, for whom a 960 million lire (\$1 million) ransom was paid.

The most fertile ground for kidnappers was Calabria in the south, with 11 abductions. Last year, it was the Lombardy region, with 14.

Locusts do work of lawn-mowers in Australia

ADELAIDE, Dec. 30, (R). — Swarms of locusts descended on the city of Adelaide today, devouring garden crops in northern suburbs as residents looked on helplessly from behind closed windows.

The locusts, swept from Australia's interior by hot, north-westerly winds, have been eating their way south and east to the coast through lush farmland and wine-growing districts.

Farmers reported thousands of dollars worth of damage to pastures and maturing grain crops. "They're doing the work of lawn-mowers in some towns," a Pastures Protection Board spokesman in New South Wales said.

In the fertile Riverina area of New South Wales, farmers said huge areas of grazing land had been stripped and maturing wheat, millet, lucerne and rich crops ravaged.

Supermarket
Piccadilly Supermarket
Sherrinway, Amman, P.O.B. 2645, Tel. 66226
READY FOR HOME DELIVERY
FROM 9 A.M. - 8 P.M.

Austin Nichols
WILD TURKEY
"STRONG STRAIGHT BLENDED WHISKY"

AMMAN MARKETPLACE

GIFT SHOPS

KOPTI SHOES
ISSA KOPTI
We have a large stock of shoes for men, women, children and babies.
Visit our shop on the corner of King Hussein and the New Year and select the shoes you like and at the same time we will give you a special surprise gift.
Jabal Amman, 2nd Circle, near Ladhams Building, Tel. 44922, Amman.

S.M. SILVER MARKET
Jabal Amman - 5th Circle
Tel. 419201
Our specialist handles a large variety of the finest imported goods.
We also have home delivery service.

SNACK BAR RESTAURANT
Open daily for breakfast, lunch & dinner
Pizzas, Steaks & Hamburger
Take-away service
3RD CIRCLE - JABAL AMMAN - NEAR JORDAN INTERCITY
TEL. 44581

FOR YOUR EVERY TRAVEL NEED...
JORDAN TRAVEL & TOURIST AGENCY
Komak
TEL. 25774 & 25775
KING HUSSEIN ST.

For SHIPPING TRAVEL & TOURISM INSURANCE
Please Contact:
AMIN KAMAR & SONS
Travel & Tourist Agency
P.O. BOX 222, AMMAN TEL. 22024-9
TELEX 122 & 1230

TRAVEL

AVIS
AIRPORT 56347
AMMAN 41350 - 44355

PHILADELPHIA RENT-A-CAR
All new
Excellent insurance
Normal rates
Tel. 25191

MISC.

baba lu RESTAURANT
We dine with your family and friends.
Enjoy European relaxing atmosphere while enjoying our famous cuisine.
Daily breakfast with buffet
WEL. ABU EL SAUD
REASONABLE PRICES
FULLY CONDITIONED
JABAL AMMAN - 2ND CIRCLE - TEL. 7116

SS Scandinavian Show Room
The luxury furniture for every taste and pocket.
Grand Entrance Street - Tel. 65000
P.O.B. 3554 - Amman, Jordan

HOUSEHOLD ITEMS

at ADAM STORES
SUITS, JACKETS, SHIRTS
NECKTIES, SOCKS
Jabal Amman, Rainbow St. 36695

FOOD-MARKETS ETC.

The FLYING CARPET
opens for lunch
an elegant oriental
BUFFET
TEL. 62181 - AMMAN

BUSINESS SUPPLIES

Fordigraph
STREET & HOME DUPLICATIONS
FAXES, REPRODUCERS
COPY COPIERS
For your complete office needs:
NABE S. EL-FAR & CO.
TEL. 41800, 2816
Wadi Ezzar 12 - Jabal Amman
(near City Hall)

Anis Beauty Salon
The very finest in hair and beauty care featuring well known NAHLA KHALIFEH using the finest cosmetics
by: Harriet Hubbard Ayer
JORDAN INS. BLDG. 1ST CIRCLE
JABAL AMMAN
TEL. 21107

FLOWER SHOPS

Jordan Flowers
2nd Circle - Jabal Amman
Tel. 44185

shops

11

Skyrocketing costs raise controversy over vital Alaska oil pipeline

WASHINGTON, D.C. (CSM). — Already four weeks behind schedule, workers are battling winds, snow and plummeting temperatures to complete the last 200 metres of the rugged, rocky Thompson Pass section of the trans-Alaska Pipeline.

But in the offices of Alaska state government, in oil company board rooms and in federal regulatory agencies, a long-simmering and little-noticed controversy is about to be moved to the front burner.

At issue is the critical question of how much revenue Alaska will collect from Alyeska Pipeline Service Company when the eight-company consortium finally begins pumping the rich North Slope crude oil from Prudhoe Bay to the southern shipping terminus in Valdez.

The amount of revenue will be determined through a complex formula computed on the basis of a still-undetermined tariff. The higher the tariff, the lower the state's royalties and revenues.

The focus of the controversy is the Alaska Pipeline Commission (APC), a three-member panel formed in 1972 by the governor of Alaska. Its primary purpose is to protect state interests.

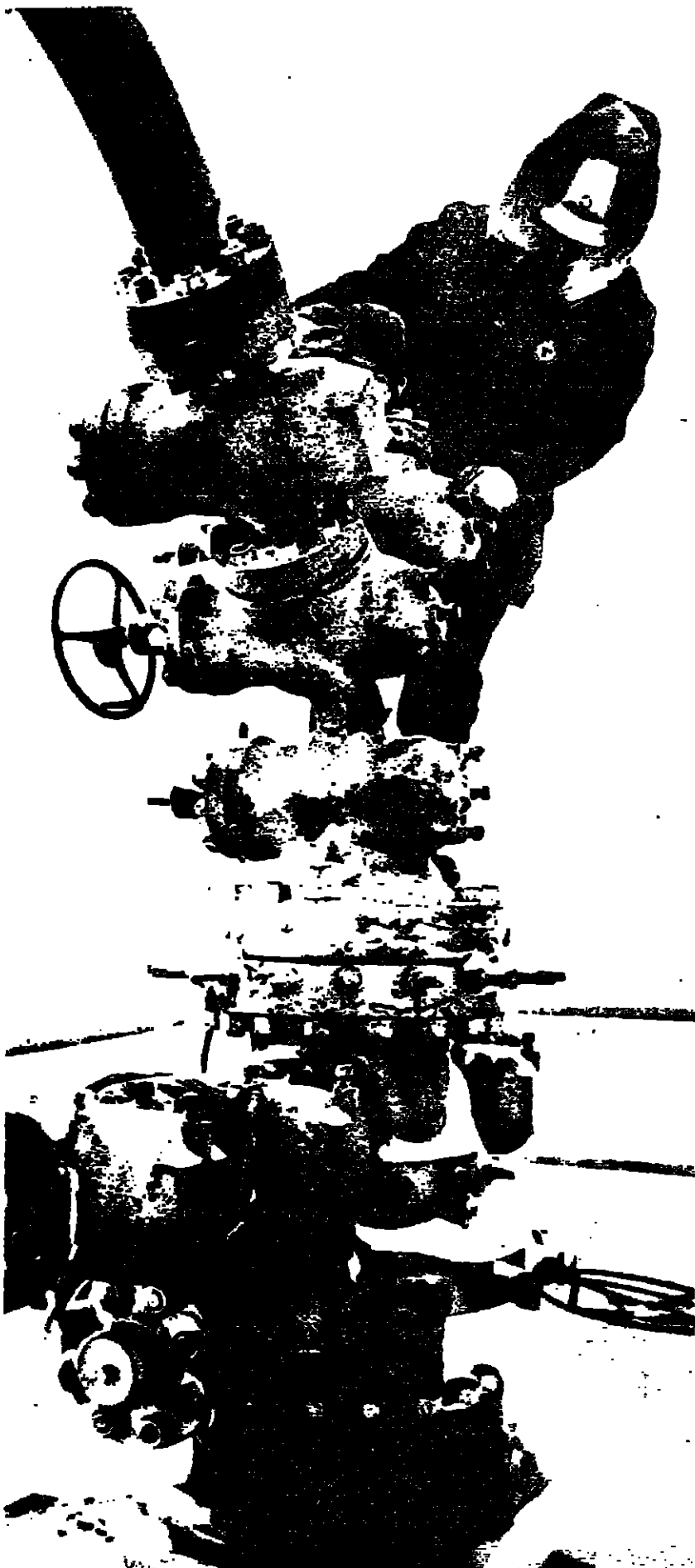
The commission recently named a former Senate Watergate counsel to head its investigation into the skyrocketing costs of the problem-plagued 1200 km. pipeline.

He is Terry Lenzner, a Washington, D.C. attorney who served as assistant chief counsel to the Senate Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities. His credentials also include a stint as director of the Office of Legal Campaign Activities and assistant U.S. attorney assigned to investigating organised crime in New York. Mr. Lenzner will direct staff both in Alaska and in Washington.

In announcing Mr. Lenzner's appointment, APC noted what it called "persistent allegations" of negligence, mismanagement, inadequate quality control, poor workmanship and low production.

The wording of the announcement, along with Mr. Lenzner's reputation as a skilled investigator, has produced growing speculation in Alaska and Washington that state officials have found evidence of fraud.

"The fact that he was hired has raised eyebrows," Alaska Attorney General Avrum Gross acknowledged in a telephone interview from Juneau. "The suspicion is that we've found something underhanded or crooked. Well, we don't have evidence of hanky panky. He's a good investigator."



Wellhead on Alaska's North Slope — opening money spigot for Alaska.

Under the formula, the pipeline royalties and state revenue will be based on the market value of the oil at the wellhead minus the tariff. Included in the tariff are the costs of construction, amortisation fees, operation, maintenance and the like.

In the end, the tariff will be determined by the federal Interstate Commerce Commission on

the basis of collected evidence. The price of the crude oil will be set by the Federal Energy Administration.

But as a measure of the importance of the tariff, the Alaska Department of Revenue has released figures showing that a shift in the wellhead price by as little as one cent per barrel could mean the loss of more than \$1 million in crucial state revenue.

Because of this, state officials are intensely concerned over the criteria used to determine their royalties. As a result, Alaska officials are working to assure that the tariff is as low as possible.

Construction costs of the pipeline were first estimated at \$910 million. That was in 1969; since then APC and other authorities in Alaska and Washington have estimated the final costs could run between \$8.5 billion and \$10 billion.

In the last six months alone cost projections have risen by \$625 million, according to one source close to the investigation.

Two major reasons for the escalating costs are the continuing problems with unfinished work and faulty welds.

Unfinished work: In the Thompson Pass section, 45 kms. from the southern terminus of the pipeline, workers are struggling to lay and bury the final sections of pipe. In summertime weather Thompson Pass is a steep and risky section with 600-metre drop and grades as steep as 47 degrees.

Now, with shifting snows, sub-zero temperatures and shortened work days hampering their efforts, workers are lowering pipe in 27-metre sections by an aerial cable system.

When the ground is clear, high pressure air compressors are blowing steady streams of fill into the ditches. But to combat shifting snows, crews are hand shovelling the ditch clean.

Faulty welds: Although 3,200 questionable welds have been resolved, Alyeska officials are still awaiting the decision of federal officials regarding their request to exempt 612 welds from what Alyeska calls "unnecessary repairs".

The welds are all buried in permafrost, in flood plains or under rivers. If federal officials refuse to exempt the welds, the project will be forced to return to repair them next spring — at potential costs of well over the current \$10-billion projection high.

Indonesia faces elections amid talk of corruption

HONG KONG, (CSM). — Has Indonesia's President Suharto delivered in the 10 years since strongman Sukarno, the founder of modern Indonesia, was overthrown?

Has this oil-rich country of 127 million people made enough economic progress over the past decade for Gen. Suharto to be able to justify the authoritarian way in which he has run it?

These are expected to be the key questions as campaigning is stepped up for Indonesia's general elections in the spring. And as the elections approach, the Suharto government finds itself on the defensive because of growing criticism over charges of widespread corruption and massive indebtedness as a result of bureaucratic mismanagement.

Although the president himself is not subject to re-election until 1978, Indonesian and foreign observers alike say his personal prestige — and the ability of his government to inspire confidence in its economic and social development programme — may be on the line next May.

His ruling Golkar Party won 60 per cent of the popular vote and all but a handful of parliamentary seats in the last elections five years ago and seems almost certain to win more votes than its closest rival this time.

But confidence in the government among the student-intellectual circles — which 11 years ago rejected former President Sukarno in favour of Mr. Suharto — already has been damaged by the corruption and indebtedness problems.

And many observers suggest that the president's stature could further decline unless Golkar can prevent substantial opposition gains next May without raising widespread suspicion of election manipulation.

The president himself has not been accused of corruption, but the government's inability so far to convince its critics that the problem is under control has embarrassed him personally and has undermined his authority, observers say. He has gone so far as to deny publicly that he and others in his family are guilty of wrongdoing.

"According to Javanese tradition," said one observer, "a leader of authority should not have to openly defend himself against critics."

The allegations of mismanagement stem from the extra indebtedness that the country has had to bear — estimated in some quarters to be as high as \$6 billion — because of the operations of the state oil company, Pertamina. One of Pertamina's main prob-

lems was that it engaged in numerous expensive projects that had only the most tenuous links to oil. Last March President Suharto fired the president-director of the company, along with his leading associates.



Indonesia's President Suharto — on the defensive.

So far, preparations for the election have led to some relaxation of the on-again, off-again informal censorship of the Indonesian press. For example, Indonesian journalists say that newspaper editorials now are allowed to criticise the government indirectly by pointing to such problems as the use of public office for personal gain — so long as no names are mentioned.

But observers conclude that a growing tide of criticism has left the government on the defensive and eager to establish that there are still limits beyond which critics should not go.

These observers see significance in the degree of official emphasis given to two recent developments — a so-called "letter" urging President Suharto to resign and an announcement that a group of Muslim students had planned to assassinate the president, his wife and Admiral Sudono, the national security chief.

According to the observers, the government is anxious that these developments are not seen to have weakened the president's moral authority in ways which a coalition of Roman Catholic, Protestant, Moslem and mystic leaders might take advantage of.

In its bid to win support at the polls, the government can be expected to point to a reduced inflation rate, rural educational improvement programmes, and a programme of agricultural development through electrification and the building of roads and bridges.

It also can call on a strong army organisation that extends into the countryside and on the support of village chiefs to mobilise votes.

Venezuelan president aims for Third World top spot

WASHINGTON, D.C. (CSM). — Latin Americans to be wary of the rich industrialised nations of the world.

The Venezuelan leader's Moscow message was one of wariness, also of the Communist bloc countries, arguing that they, too, speak nice words, but do not always back them up with corresponding action.

"We are concerned," he said at the Kremlin banquet, "that the Soviet Union does not take part in talks (in Paris between the industrialised world and the developing countries)." Those talks, he added, "have a decisive significance for the developing countries."

Mr. Perez did elicit from Communist Party leader Leonid Brezhnev a promise to visit Venezuela at an early date in what would be the first top-level Soviet visit to a South American nation. The promise was part of a concluding communique issued after Mr. Perez's four-day Moscow visit.

Venezuelan sources indicate that Mr. Perez has also invited President-elect Carter and that it is possible both visits will occur this next year.

To observers who have followed Mr. Perez's actions and statements since he became president three years ago, the gentle chastisement of Moscow came as no surprise. Mr. Perez has sought a middle road in his efforts to break the economic control of his nation by the U.S. At the same time, however, he has no illusions about the Soviet Union and its world role.

"He's a realist who knows that Venezuela can become master of its own house only if it adheres to basic Western principles of government, law and order," said a close associate of the president.

"A third position is fine if it means that Venezuela controls its own resources and its own destiny and fits this into a pattern of basic Western democratic tradition."

But this view should not obscure the Perez effort to speak out as a third force and become in a way a spokesman for this force.

In his campaign for the presidency, Mr. Perez adopted the theme of "democracy and energy." He has adhered to that philosophy. He told his Moscow hosts that Venezuela is now master of its own house through nationalisation of oil and steel, but that Venezuela is committed to an open society in which "freedom exists for all."

RADIO JORDAN

(On 856 KHZ)

- 7:00 Breakfast show
- 7:30 News bulletin
- 7:40 Morning melodies
- 8:00 Sign off
- 10:00 Listener's choice
- 11:00 Date with a star
- 11:30 Catch the word
- 11:45 Pop session part I
- 13:00 News
- 13:05 Pop session part II
- 14:00 News bulletin
- 14:15 Music

14:30 Good vibrations

- 15:00 Concert hour
- 16:00 Old favourites
- 16:30 Easy listening
- 17:00 Jordan weekly
- 17:30 Pop session part III
- 18:00 News summary
- 18:05 Sixteen weekly
- 18:20 Music
- 18:30 Classical showcase
- 19:00 News bulletin
- 19:10 Music
- 19:30 Sign off

EMERGENCIES

Doctors :

- Amman : Fattaleh (37140)
- Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf (63552)
- Zakaria Shannak (37929)
- Irbid : Grand (74511)
- Wahda : Irbid :
- Al Shifa : Wahda
- Saadoun : Zarqa :
- Hikma : Zarqa :
- Wahda : Zarqa :
- Munir Odeh Aqil

Pharmacies :

- Amman : Hussein (21776)
- College (25010)
- Central (24217)
- University (61001)
- Khayam (41541)
- Nahda (63003)

AMMAN AIRPORT

Arrivals :

- 7:55 Cairo (EA)
- 8:30 Kuwait (KAC)
- 11:15 Aleppo, Damascus, (SAA)
- 11:45 Beirut
- 12:15 Beirut (MEA)
- 14:05 Aqaba (SAA)
- 16:20 Jeddah, Medina, Baghdad, Tref (SDI)
- 16:55 Paris
- 17:00 Kuwait
- 17:05 Jeddah, Medina, Tabuk (SDI)
- 18:10 Casablanca, Madrid, Athens
- 19:15 Cairo
- 00:30 Rome (Alitalia)

Departures :

- 8:00 Beirut
- 8:45 Cairo (EA)
- 9:15 Kuwait (KAC)
- 10:10 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)
- 11:00 Kuwait
- 11:30 Frankfurt
- 12:00 Aqaba (SAA)
- 12:45 Cairo
- 13:15 Beirut (MEA)
- 14:45 Damascus (SAA)
- 18:10 Tabuk, Medina, Jeddah (SDI)
- 19:30 Dubai, Karachi
- 20:30 Kuwait, Tehran
- 22:55 Doha, Muscat
- 01:15 Dubai (Alitalia)

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

- Ambulance (government) Tel. 75111
- Civil defence rescue " 24391-4
- Fire headquarters " 2090
- First aid, fire, police " 19
- Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) " 36381-2
- Municipal water service (emergency) " 37111-3
- Police headquarters " 39141
- Najdeh, roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency help " 21111, 37777

Cultural Centres

- American Centre (USIS) Tel. 41520
- British Council " 36147-8
- French Cultural Centre " 37009
- Goethe Institute " 41993
- Soviet Cultural Centre " 44203
- Amman Municipal Library " 36111

BBC RADIO

GMT

- 05:00 World News; 24 hours
- 05:30 Nice 'n' Easy
- 05:45 The World Today
- 06:00 News; Press Review
- 06:30 Great Piano Composers
- 07:00 News; 24 hours
- 07:30 Nice 'n' Easy
- 07:45 Merchant Navy Programme
- 08:00 News; Reflections
- 08:15 Have you heard this one?
- 08:30 Top Twenty
- 09:00 News; Press Review
- 09:15 The World Today
- 09:30 Financial News
- 09:45 Sword of Honour
- 10:15 Merchant Navy
- 10:30 Matthew on Music
- 11:00 News
- 11:15 Face of England
- 11:30 Discovery
- 12:00 Radio Newswheel
- 12:15 From Music Festivals
- 12:45 Sports Round-up
- 13:00 News; 24 hours
- 13:30 New Ideas
- 13:40 Ulster This Week
- 13:45 Don Moss Requests
- 14:15 Letterbox

14:30 Take it or Leave it

- 15:00 Radio Newswheel
- 15:15 Outlook
- 16:00 News; Commentary
- 16:15 Science in Action
- 16:45 The World Today
- 17:00 News
- 17:09 Music Now
- 17:30 Book Choice
- 17:45 Sports Round-up
- 18:00 News
- 18:15 Radio Newswheel
- 18:30 What's New?
- 19:00 Outlook : News Summary
- 19:42 Stock Market
- 19:45 The English Anthem
- 20:00 News; 24 hours
- 20:30 Towards the Thinking Computer
- 21:00 World Radio Club
- 21:15 Sarah Ward Requests
- 21:45 Scotland '76
- 22:00 News; The World Today
- 22:25 Financial News
- 22:45 Sports Round-up
- 23:00 World News; Commentary
- 23:15 From the Weeklies
- 23:30 Flavour of the Fifties

JORDAN TELEVISION

Channel 3 & 6 :

- 10:00 Quran
- 10:15 Cartoons
- 10:45 Children's programme
- 11:15 Three stooges
- 11:30 Arabic series
- 12:00 Religious programme
- 12:45 Arabic series
- 13:30 Gunsmoke
- 18:00 Programme review

Channel 6 :

- 18:05 Cartoons
- 18:30 Soccer match
- 20:00 News in Arabic
- Channel 6 :
- 19:30 News in Hebrew
- 19:45 Varieties
- 20:30 Cilla's world
- 21:10 Special programme
- 22:00 News in English
- 22:15 Feature film

كلذات الامل

THE BETTER HALF By Barnes



GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHAFES H. GOREN AND OIAR SHARIF
© 1976, The Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH
♠ Q93
♥ 764
♦ A73
♣ K852

EAST
♠ 82
♥ K1052
♦ QJ3
♣ 4

WEST
♠ A107643
♥ AKJ10
♦ A98
♣ KQ10985

SOUTH
♠ AKJ10
♥ A98
♦ KQ10985
♣ Void

The bidding:
South West North East
1 ♠ Pass 1 NT Pass
3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠ Pass
4 ♥ Pass 4 ♠ Pass
6 ♠ Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: Four of ♣.

At times, just playing your tricks in the right order is all you need to do to land a close contract. This hand is a typical example.

North-South bid well to their slam. After South had forced to game, North realized that his two key cards in his partner's suits made his hand too good for a sign-off at three no trump. He first gave preference to diamonds and then, when his partner showed slam interest by cue-bidding hearts, he showed his spade fragment. South needed no further en-

couragement to the small slam in diamonds.

West led a club, and declarer realized that, if trumps broke 2-2, the hand was easy. He could simply draw trumps, discard a heart from dummy on the first spade, concede a heart ruff a heart in dummy for his 12th trick. But what if trumps divided 3-1, as was quite likely?

In that case, declarer would have to find the hand with three trumps also in possession of four spades. That would enable declarer to get a discard on the spades while a trump was still outstanding. However, if declarer tests trumps by drawing a second round, he will be defeated. He can get his discard, but when he concedes a heart, East will return a third trump, and there will be no trump in dummy to ruff a heart.

The successful line is to win the trump at trick one and immediately concede a heart, losing a trick early but had to be lost in any event. Assume East wins and returns a trump. Declarer wins in his hand and, when West shows out, he cashes four spade tricks, discarding a heart from the board. Now declarer can cash the ace of hearts, ruff a heart with the ace of trumps and return to his hand with a club ruff to draw the last trump and claim his contract.

THE PAGE FIVE FEATURE PHOTO



WINE-MAD -- These vats are no longer used to store wine; they may never have been. They are hotel rooms for tired toppers, a mere stagger away from the verandah of a hostelry near Baden-Baden in one of West Germany's major wine regions. This year's vintage seems sure to prove extraordinarily good. The grapes basked in sunshine for a long, hot summer and were not picked until later than is usually necessary. So 1976 should be a bumper vintage.

GRAFFITI

EVERYBODY HAS TO BE SOMEBODY BUT WHY DO YOU HAVE TO BE YOU?

Moving home delivery of the Jordan Times is available in the Amman area. Annual subscription costs \$20. For one of the few bargains left in life, contact the Jordan Times subscription department by phone at 67171-2-3-4, or by post at P.O. Box 6710, Amman.

TONIGHT'S T.V. FEATURES

GUNSMOKE THE SQUAW

An outlaw having stolen a large sum of money is pursued by his friends, Indians and the sheriff.

CILLA'S WORLD OF COMEDY GET ME TO THE CHURCH

On her wedding day, Christine is disappointed when she receives news that her fiancé cannot make it to the church due to illness.

FEATURE FILM GOOD NEIGHBOUR SAM

Cast: Jack Lemmon, Romy Schneider

Advertising man Sam Bissell and his wife help their friend and neighbour to inherit \$15 million by Sam's posing as her husband.

JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

TYTID
YONIS
OLDONE
UNGELP

Answer here: HER

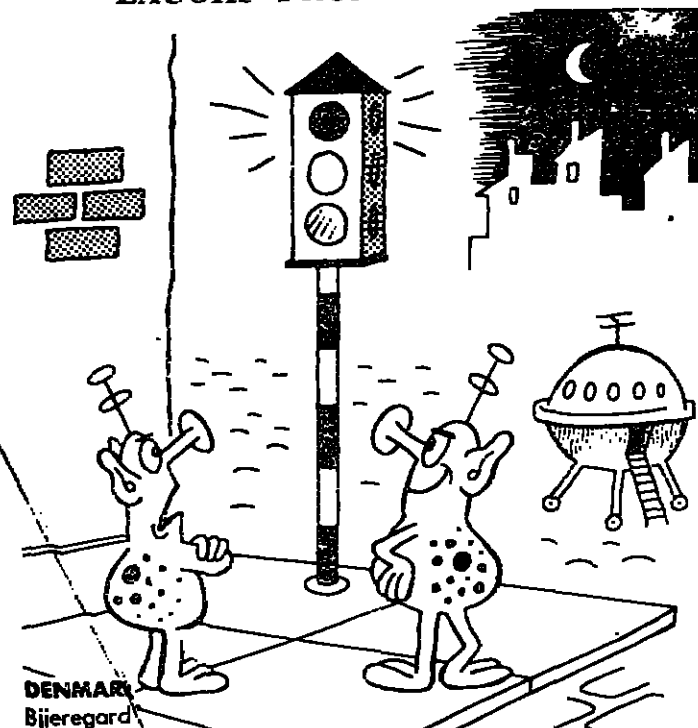
Yesterday's Jumbles: FABLE AXIOM STUCCO UNSOLD

Answer: Not often described in a word -- "SELDOM"



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

LAUGHS FROM EUROPE



DENMARK
Bijeregard

Your Horoscope

By Jeane Dixon

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 31

Your birthday today: This coming year offers dramatic incidents, but no overall scenario or theme--this is up to you to create as you go. There's no point in basing the future strictly on the past and its flaws. This year's experience teaches you how to cope with excesses of emotional expression. Today's natives gravitate naturally to positions of public trust, have a good memory and a capability for organization. Those born this year are optimists, should be trained not to take things too easy.

Aries [March 21-April 19]: No point in formal resolutions; you'll only revise them beyond recognition anyway. Prolonged celebration loses its gusto. Give others a chance to have fun.

Taurus [April 20-May 20]: Part of what you hear is fantasy, part truth. Check what affects your purpose and cause inconvenience later.

Gemini [May 21-June 20]: Talk muddles the facts, but brings strangers into closer working relations. Make allowances if others misunderstand you. Be selective tonight.

Cancer [June 21-July 22]: Pride can lead to outlays that cause you embarrassment. Observers aren't impressed. Future planning is great, but others don't want to hear anything serious.

Leo [July 23-Aug. 22]: Broad and vague estimates are today's norm. Resolutions dwindle to perfunctory gestures. Enjoy experiences

and learn what positive truth you can

Virgo [Aug. 23-Sept. 22]: Do essential routines, then save your time and energy for a bit of self-indulgence and gala festivities. Seek congenial company for sharing positive feelings.

Libra [Sept. 23-Oct. 22]: Use the day for last-minute touches, the night for celebration. Distant news is incomplete. Focus on matters you can handle in person. Honor appointments.

Scorpio [Oct. 23-Nov. 21]: Competitors do something surprising. Don't be distracted from essentials, but defer what others classify as important. Live it up tonight!

Sagittarius [Nov. 22-Dec. 21]: Windfalls are possible, or you provide one for somebody of lesser means. A brief opportunity arises. Be moderate in celebrating the new year.

Capricorn [Dec. 22-Jan. 19]: Today is a test of how well you have organized your daily living and career enterprises. Some questions are difficult. Choose companions for tonight carefully.

Aquarius [Jan. 20-Feb. 18]: In the final analysis you're responsible only for yourself. Let others learn from their own experiences. The new year brings more perspective.

Pisces [Feb. 19-March 20]: Be a little skeptical as a familiar scene unfolds. People play their usual roles. A sense of humor helps; friendly laughter sets many things right.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

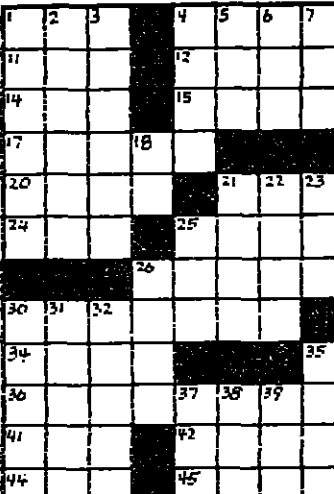
ACROSS

1. Begin to grow
4. Larboard
8. Prius
11. Cholera
12. Bowlin genus
13. Kind of coffee
14. Indian
15. Finestre
17. Associates
19. Thrash
20. Churchish
21. Tornado
24. Simple sugar

BALD HAS JOB
ALICE BOIARI
NOEL VETERAN
SERVILETTE
FEAR ALBUM
FOR NEP SATE
EVIL DOES YET
NABOB SPA
VESTIBULE
REVERIE OPAL
ARE ERR MOSS
WAX TENANTE

SOLUTION OF YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

1. Small night club
2. Egyptian sacred emblem
3. Series of ten
4. Colleen
5. Ratle bird
6. White lie
7. Loop and knot
8. Standing
9. Flexible
10. Entrance
11. Reprove harshly
12. Myself
13. Glass air bubble
14. Precinct
15. Shippers
16. Greek
17. Lion
18. Play
19. Market places
20. Cylindrical
21. Outwored
22. Bay window
23. Undraped figures
24. heystone slate abby
25. Nonwoven fabric
26. Sindh's bird
27. March elder
28. Dress leather



RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISMO

Announces a special family dinner of genuine Chinese cuisine and a special menu for the New Year 1977. Special take-out orders.

TEL. 61640 - SHMEISANI, AMMAN.

OUT AND ABOUT

La Terrasse

Shmeisani - Tel. 62831 - Open lunch and dinner. Dramatic view of Amman. French and International Cuisine. Fully air-conditioned. Kindly book your table.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

First Circle, Jebel Amman near Ahliyah School or CMS. Tel. 38868. Open daily from noon to 3.30 p.m. and 6.30 p.m. to mid-night. Also take away service - order by phone.

POUROZ

Third Circle, Jebel Amman, next to the British Embassy. Tel. 42380. Restaurant, Cyprian, Snack Bar. Open daily for breakfast, lunch and dinner. Specialty items & beverages. Take-away service.

THE DIPLOMAT

First Circle, Jebel Amman. Tel. 25592. Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. Restaurant, coffee-shop, snack bar, patisserie, Oriental and European specialties.

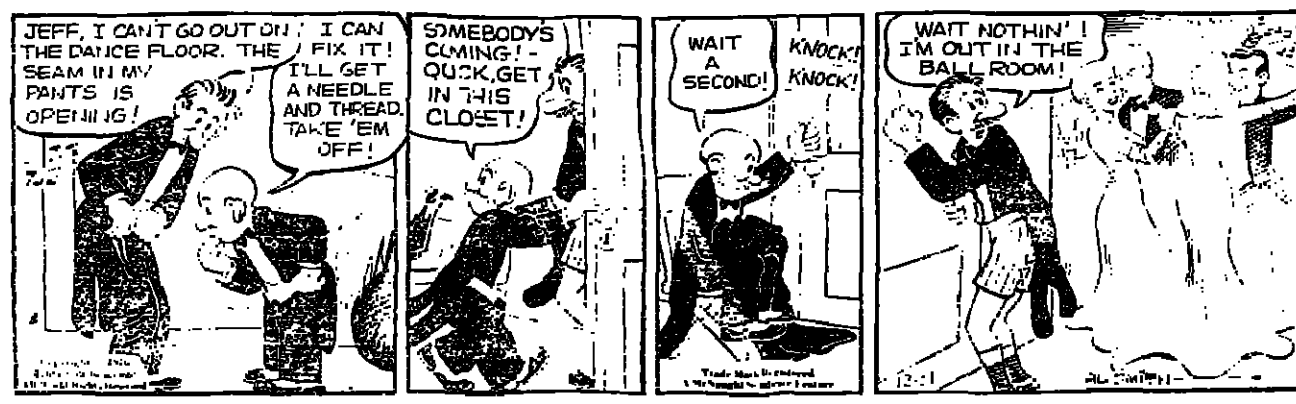
...HALLO!
IS THIS 67771-2-3-4?
I'D LIKE TO RESERVE
A SPACE FOR AN AD IN
THE JORDAN TIMES...



THE FANTASIES



MUTT AND JEFF



Prince de Broglie's killer confesses

PARIS, Dec. 30 (AFP). — A 31-year-old underworld figure, was today formally charged with the slaying of former French Deputy Foreign Minister Jean de Broglie.

Police say M. Frech, who has a police record for minor offences including pimping, has admitted gunning down Prince de Broglie on Dec. 24 for a promised purse of 50,000 francs (\$10,000).

Five other people are being held in connection with the slaying, including two of the prince's business partners and a police inspector.

Police say the two businessmen M. Pierre de Varga and M. Patrick Allenet de Ribemont, planned the killing to wipe out a four million francs (\$800,000) debt to the prince.

Both M. de Ribemont, who has been charged with a technically separate offence of the illegal possession of three guns, and M. de Varga deny any involvement.

These two, plus Police Inspector Guy Simone and two of M. Frech's underworld cronies, M. Serge Teffedre and M. Simon Kolkewicz, were today placed in preventive detention.

M. Teffedre and M. Kolkewicz are alleged to have been present at the scene when M. Frech allegedly gunned down the prince, a parliamentary member of President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing's Independent Republican Party.

Police sources said today that Police Inspector Simone had admitted to personally owing Prince de Broglie 120,000 francs (\$20,000) for a loan M. de Varga had fixed up for him two years ago.

He said M. de Varga had promised the debt would be wiped out if he found a hired-gun to kill the 55-year-old former secretary of state at the Foreign Ministry, the sources added.

A lawyer for M. de Ribemont today repeated his denial of any involvement in the killing and attacked police handling of the affair.

The lawyer said it was inadmissible that his client was held in preventive detention on the minor arms offence charge and that he was being publicly labelled as one of the plotters when the legal procedure had not begun.



"PETIT GERARD" HANDCUFFED -- M. Gerard Frech, the 31-year-old underworld figure, is led, handcuffed, by a Paris policeman to Police Headquarters Wednesday night after having been charged with the murder of Prince Jean de Broglie in a Paris street on Christmas Eve. (AP wirephoto).

According to president of Beirut's Chamber of Commerce Destruction gives unique opportunity to rebuild a better Lebanese capital

BEIRUT, (CSM). — Lebanon's economy is still reeling from the devastating effects of 19 months of civil war. Twenty-five per cent of the country's industrial potential has been destroyed. Vast acres of the fertile land remain untillied. The destruction will provide a golden

opportunity for restructuring and improving an economy where the strains of too-rapid and uneven growth were only too evident in the past.

Premier Selim Al Hoss, a banker and economist by trade, is overseeing plans for the country's economic future. He has been given, in addition to the premiership, key ministerial portfolios in charge of the nation's economic affairs.

He and one group of experts he has built up will have many far-reaching proposals to consider, as well as more pressing problems to unravel. But a consensus is beginning to emerge among leading businessmen that basic changes must be made.

Adnan Qassar is the President of Beirut's Chamber of Commerce and Industry, which represents 10,000 enterprises "ranging from the smallest shop to the largest mill."

Many of these businesses were once centred in the two square miles of the city's sprawling downtown commercial district, now a ruined reminder of many months of fierce fighting.

Mr. Qassar realises that many of the buildings in the downtown district will have to be demolished. "But that", he says, "gives us a unique opportunity to build a better city."

Promising that "we will try to keep the oriental touch as much as possible," he explains that there is already a team of experts working on a new master plan for the area. "As it was", he says, "the city centre was wrongly enlarged -- more or less suffocating itself."

But plans on paper are one thing; realising them can be something else. "Rebuilding the city centre will be difficult," explains Mr. Qassar. "There is the basic contradiction between the landlords and tenants of the old buildings; we will be replacing. The proprietors themselves are often not individuals but whole families of this or even hundreds of members, each of whom expects his rights to be respected. And the tenant has paid his key money; so has his own rights in the matter."

He defined three possible formulas by which these difficulties could be resolved, within the common framework that redevelopment

ment will most likely be carried out by new companies of mixed public and private ownership: -- Former landlords and tenants could be given shares in the redevelopment companies, to the equivalent of the amount due to them.

Anyone who wants to relinquish his rights to operate in the area to be developed could be offered generous compensation. -- Equivalent space could be offered to former owners and users within the new development, with compensation being paid for the period until it is completed.

There is also, according to Mr. Qassar, a proposal that landlords and tenants in each street join together in rebuilding it, but he rules that out in view of the improbability of any such group arriving at common decisions.

If the downtown districts are going to be redeveloped, Mr. Qassar also considers it necessary that the nearby port -- and indeed all the country's ports -- also be redeveloped, within a new administrative structure.

Beirut port recently reopening for activity, but all the equipment and warehouses have been gutted by fire so port operations are severely limited.

Mr. Qassar proposes that as the port facilities are rebuilt, there should be a new watchdog committee of port-users to supervise all port operations. In the past, the port, although publicly owned, was operated by a private company.

The resulting congestion became a watchword in the Middle East. But the new committee would see the necessity of radically expanding and updating port facilities.

There are other ways in which Mr. Qassar says advantage can be taken of the country's present devastation in order to revamp its economy. One of the most important is the upgrading of the public sector.

Mr. Qassar would like to see a public sector "on the same level as the private sector," but he still foresees a key role for private investment.

"If a strong political solution can be found," he surmises, "Lebanon will once again be very interesting to investors."

IN PERSPECTIVE

Rabin's gambit could herald a fundamental change

For Israel, the new year begins with a bold gambit by Rabin who has finally taken the first sensible step towards peace. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin had shackled himself with a coalition with the National Religious Party which not only tied down his policy options but made any concessions towards peace on the West Bank, where they would have been most meaningful, almost taboo. Let us hope that Rabin's move is indication of the fact that at long last he has found he cannot tolerate the policy of his government to be heavily coloured by mythical notions religiously adhered to by a fanatic minority.

A government running a modern 20th century state has a right to be annoyed at having its coalition partners raise a motion of no confidence on the basis that the government had inadvertently been involved in an official function on the Sabbath. These are echoes of the dark past which are out of place in our times. The adherents of outmoded ideologies are trying to chart the course of Israel, to make it into a truly "Jewish state" in what today amounts to an unfortunate display of chauvinism. The notion that "Jewishness" is transmitted by birth transcends of naturalistic description at the hands of such people and invades the political domain to deny civil rights to individuals due to some accident of birth or detail of the marriage ceremony. Clearly in such circumstances are invading the domain of significant public life.

Such patterns of thought, crowded with the notion of the "chosen people" whose "inalienable right" to the land of Palestine displaces the right of all other, are days of the prophets of Israel which are obtruded all too frequently on the eyes of Jews, on justice for non-Jews, and on the whole idea of human rights, turning the life of the gentiles (Palestinian Arabs in this case) into a living hell.

When land is taken away from Arabs who are subsequently treated as labourers on their own land at the mercy of the going rate for Jewish labour, the whole affair is for Jewish labour and the people affected tolerated simply as something is drastically wrong by 20th century standards of justice and morality. If the primitive code of the early prophetic era it was tempered with humanity.

Maronite villagers who were displaced from the villages of Kafr Bir'im and Iqrit in 1948 after they never fought against the Jewish state but on the contrary helped smuggle Jews into Palestine, are not allowed to return to their villages even thirty years later because their lands have been given to later Jewish settlers as opposed to Arab Jewish citizens of the "Jewish state" when a good segment of the Israeli public feels that injustice is being done.

an one blame the Palestinian command for being opposed to the idea of the Jewish state, in which non-Jewish citizens are treated as aliens?

When the Israeli cabinet is afraid to crack down on "illegal" Jewish settlements in the West Bank because a group of fanatics are running around intimidating the government, so that the government bans a settlement on one day and army engineers lay down water mains and power lines to the illegal settlement the next, when the government agrees the settlement must go but dare not set a date for its evacuation, then much is not right with the children of Israel.

If Rabin's motive is to get away from all that and if he really means to conduct the electoral campaign on a platform of negotiated peace, if his intention is to consult the electorate on whether they prefer peace to intolerance, and a modicum of justice to chauvinism, then 1977 could be a landmark year for the Middle East and the Jews all over the world.

Algeria is willing to resolve Sahara dispute

ALGIERS, Dec. 30 (R). — Algeria was sent by Foreign Minister Abdoul Aziz Bouteflika.

Earlier this year Algerian President Houari Boumedienne said that a free referendum was the only way to save the former Spanish territory's future.

Algeria has declared "null and void" Spain's decision to hand the territory over to a joint Moroccan-Mauritanian administration.

M. Bouteflika's message said the solution to the problem is to return home of Sahara, who have been chased from their national territory, so that they are freely able to exercise their right to self-determination.

Algeria supports the Polisario front in its fight against Moroccan and Mauritanian rule in the Western Sahara. The Front seek self-determination for the territory.



JIHAN'S BETROTHAL -- 16-year-old Jihan Sadat, daughter of the Egyptian president who carries her mother's name, receives her betrothal ring from fiancé Mohammad Osman. The couple are scheduled to marry in Cairo on Jan. 2. (AP wirephoto).

Journalist argues that current border talks will not move Peking to detente with Russians

HONG KONG, Dec. 30 (AFP). — Renewal of Sino-Soviet border talks is not viewed in China as a sign of a Peking-Moscow detente, the special correspondent of the local leftwing Ta Kung Pao reports from the Chinese capital.

Published today, the dispatch from journalist Julian Schuman says that whatever the outcome of the current talks, basic policy towards the Soviet Union under Chairman Hua Kuo-feng has continued to be more of the same. Moscow is still deemed the most dangerous threat of war to the world and is sticking its nose into all parts of the globe.

"The chasm between China and the Soviet Union is too vast for detente in the realm of ideology. Any improvement in state relations with Moscow, as with Washington, depends on the willingness of both sides," Mr. Schuman writes.

He adds that with the exception of very few countries "like utterly racist South Africa and Rhodesia," China is on record as ready to have normal state relations with all countries and to improve existing ties.

"This has been her consistent stand in the case of the Soviet Union even after revisionism took hold there," Mr. Schuman states.

He continues: "If the Russians are ready to do something about better government relations the border talks that got underway in Peking on Nov. 30 could signal such intention."

"The 19th century treaties a weak China was compelled to sign giving away huge chunks of territory to Czarist Russia stick in the Chinese craw. Peking is not demanding these back, but insists that Moscow acknowledge the treaties as 'unequal'."

"The removal of some of the estimated one million Soviet troops on the border could be interpreted as a sign of Russian intentions in the matter of government relations."

"China waited more than 20 years for one superpower to decide to begin normalising relations ... The Chinese can wait until the other superpower is ready to do something about making existing government relations more normal."

LONDON MARKET REPORT

Stock exchange share prices moved up to their highest for nearly four months Thursday in the face of persistent investment demand, although the actual trading volume was down to a trickle.

Despite indications from the Bank of England that a cut in their Minimum Lending Rate (MLR) was unwanted, long-dated gilts had gains of up to half-a-point (50 pence), although short-dated issues were dull.

Leading industrials to move ahead included ICI, following favourable press comment, Glaxo, Beecham and Unilever.

The F.T. index was up 4.9 at 351.0, its highest for over 13 weeks. Stores reflected the spending spree at the end-of-year sales and the leading banks were prominent (Hong Kong Shanghai was at a new peak), while insurances also advanced.

Gold moved ahead in the wake of the firmer bullion price, De Beers was firm in diamonds, Rio Tinto Zinc also moved up, but Australian shares were dull, with pan-continental and Peko Walls ending lower.

Oils were quieter, with B.P. a little easier, but Shell and Burt ah held steady.

Happy New Year
from the staff of the

**RESTAURANT
TAIWAN
TOURISMO**

Tel. 61640, Shmeisani, AMMAN

TAIKY SOUVENIR SHOP

Salt Street -- Opposite Municipality Garden
Merry Land Hotel Building

Oriental jewellery, carvings, brocade, native dresses, persian rugs, tapestries, embroideries, rosaries, icons, crucifixes, mosaics, pottery, Bronze and brass Wares, mother-of-pearl and olive wood curios, articles, ivory, silver, oriental musical tapes, etc.

Xmas gifts and Xmas trees.

P. O. Box 9420, Tel. 37179, Amman - Jordan

كازان الاصل